

Equipment & Theory...Detonation Spray (4)

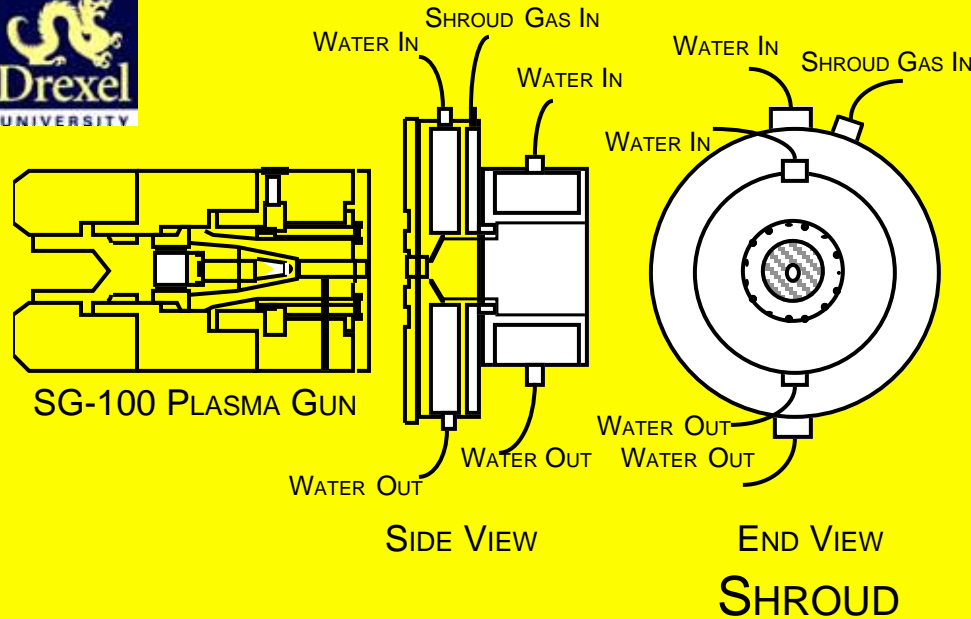
- Some properties of D-Gun® and plasma sprayed coatings...

Coating	LW-1	LW-1N40	LW-11B	LA-2	LA-6	LN-2	LS-31
Composition	91/9 WC-Co	85/15 WC-Co	88/12 WC-Co	>99 Al ₂ O ₃	>99 Al ₂ O ₃	>99 Ni	25Cr10Ni7 W Bal Co
Process	D-Gun®	D-Gun®	Plasma	D-Gun®	Plasma	Plasma	Plasma
DPH (kg/mm ²) (300 gm)	1,300	1,050	750	1,100	825	200	350
Tensile Strength* (psi)	>12,000	>12,000	10,000	10,000	7,500	10,000	10,000
Modulus of Rupture (psi)	80,000	100,000	55,000	20,000	20,000	55,000	53,000
Modulus of Elasticity (10 ⁶ psi)	31	31	22	14	5.7	14	8
Density (g/cm ³)	14.2	13.2	12.5	3.4	3.38	7.5	8.0
Porosity (Vol. %)	0.5	1	2	2	3	1	2

* ASTM C633-69

Equipment & Theory...

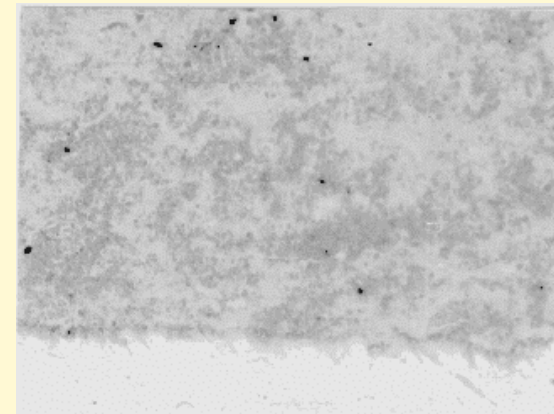
Shrouded Plasma Spray (1)



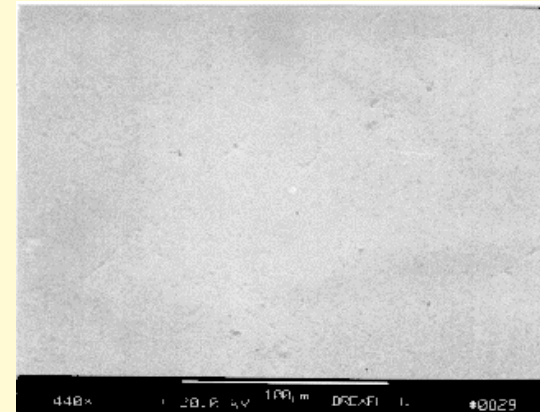
• Shroud Characteristics:

- Close coupled...small mean dist. from jet centerline.
- Confined.
- Parallel flow.
- Multi-jet.

- Shroud sprayed C.P. Ti coatings @ 80 mm spray distance.



(a) Shroud flow = 50 % of primary (Ar) plasma gas.



(b) Shroud flow = 30 % of primary (Ar) plasma gas. 2

Equipment & Theory...

Shrouded Plasma Spray (2)

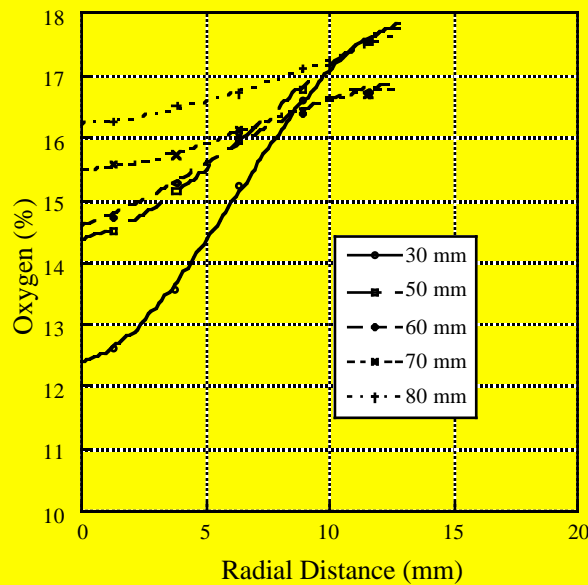


Torch: Praxair SG-100; 80 kW/Mach II.

Anode: 2083-300; **Cathode:** 1083A-104

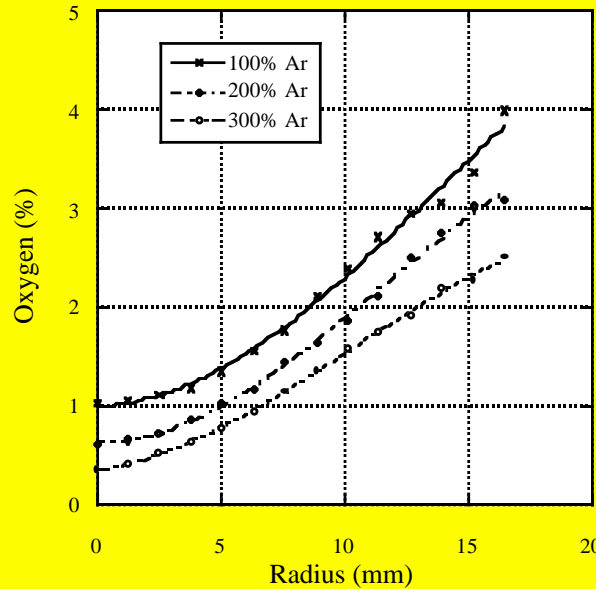
Plasma Gas: Ar - 180 SCFH; He - 87 SCFH

Oxygen Concentration - No Shroud
(30 - 80 mm)



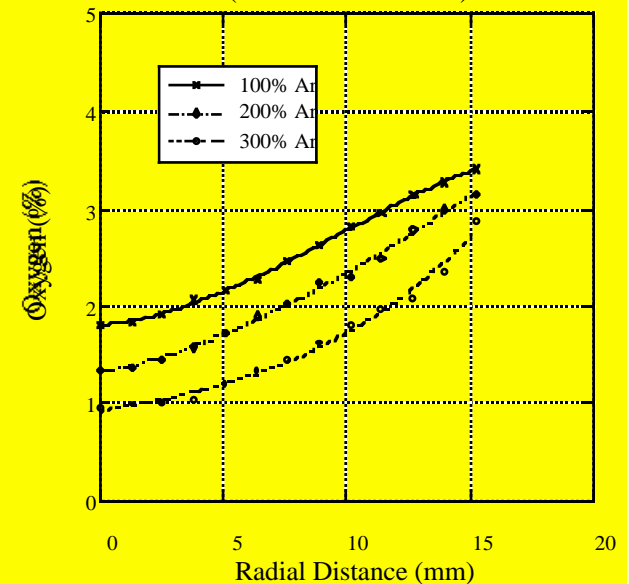
- 12-17 % O₂ @ jet center
- 15-18 % O₂ @ fringes

Oxygen Concentration at 80 mm Spray Distance
(13 mm from Shroud)



- 0.3-1.0 % O₂ @ jet center
- 2.5-4.0 % O₂ @ fringes

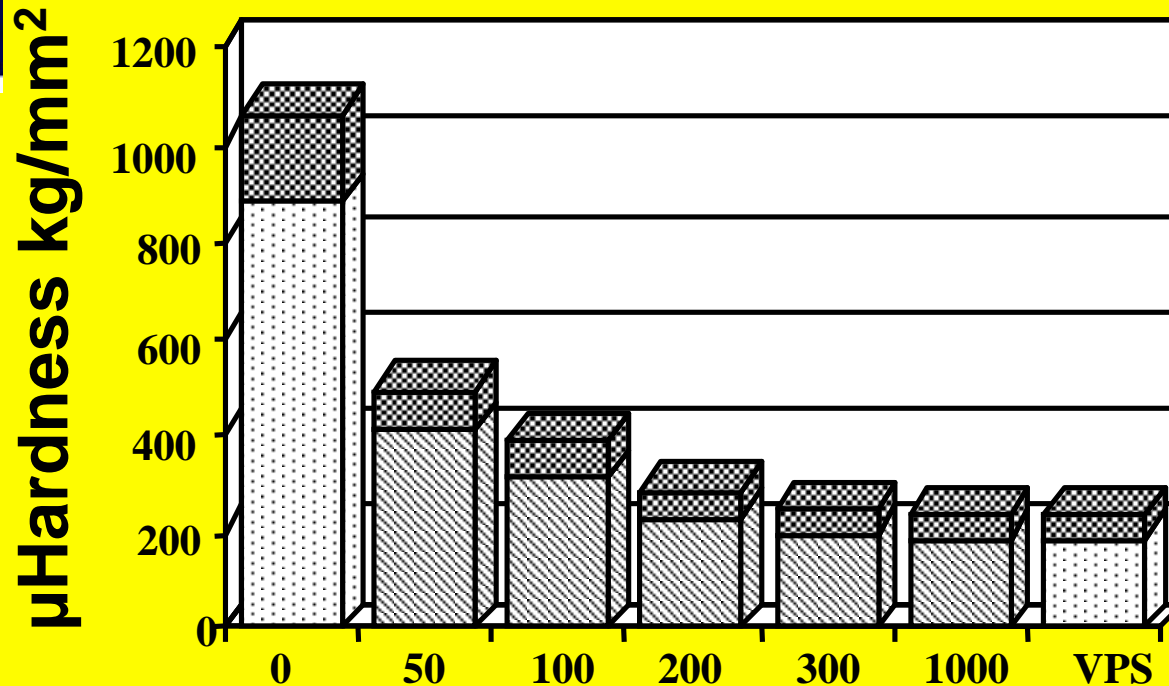
Oxygen Concentration at 100 mm Spray Distance
(25 mm from Shroud)



- 1.0-1.8 % O₂ @ jet center
- 2.8-3.2 % O₂ @ fringes

Equipment & Theory...

Shrouded Plasma Spray (3)



Ar Shroud Gas Flow (% of Primary)

- *Microhardness decreased as shroud gas flow rate increased.*
- *At shroud gas flow > 300 % of primary... VHN ≈ VPS.*
- *At shroud gas flow > 300 % of primary... clean, oxide-free coatings.*

Equipment & Theory...

Process Comparisons (1)

<i>Thermal Spray Process Characteristic Comparison</i>									
Process	Gas Velocity	Particle Velocity	Gas/Particle Temperature	Gas Use	Bond Strength	Density	Spray Rates	Thermal Efficiency	D-E
	(m/s)	(m/s)	(°C)	(slm)	(MPa)	(% Th.)	(kg/hr)	(%)	(%)
HVOF	300-1200	100-1000	1,400-2500	O ₂ : 250-500 Fuel (G): 250-800 Fuel (L): 20-40	>70	90-99.9	2-10	50-70	70-90
Arc Spray	30-500	20-300	Arc: >20,000	500-3,000	10-40	70-90	2-150	90	70-90
APS	200-1200	30-800	20,000	50-300	35- >70	85-98	2-20	35-55	50-80
VPS	200-2000	60-600	20,000	50-300	>70	95-99.9	2-20	35-55	50-80
RF/ICP	15-30	10-30	10-15,000	50-250	N/A	95-99.9	2-7	35-40	70-90
Cold Spray	300-1200	300-1200	up to 800 °C	1,500	N/A	~99 %	3-5	N/A	~70

Equipment & Theory...

Process Comparisons (2)

PROCESS	CHARACTERISTICS	
	(+)	(-)
• Flame Spray	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Low cost - Portable - Ease of use - Polymers (EVA) - Powder/wire/rod feed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Low jet temp./Particle vel. - Limited materials - Least dense coatings - Oxidation
• Wire-Arc	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Portable - Ease of use - Wire feedstock - Low heat input to part - High deposition rate - Cool spray conditions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Wire feedstock/limited mat'ls. - Electrical supply - Atomizing gas flow req'd. - Oxidation (but Ar, N₂)
• HVOF/HVAF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dense coatings (95%+) - High vel./lower particle temp. - Polymers (Nylon 11, Polyimide, PEEK) - High deposition rate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Need fuel, oxygen/air supply - Noise (120dBA+) - Higher equip't. cost (~\$80k) - Residual stress: tensile/comp. - Narrow powder cut --> ↑ \$ - Gen. not ceramics

Equipment & Theory...

Process Comparisons (3)

PROCESS	CHARACTERISTICS	
	(+)	(-)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plasma (APS) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dense coatings - Spray any material - Higher gas temp. & vel. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Not as portable - Higher equip't. cost (~\$80k) - Narrow process window - O₂ from powder feedstock
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Plasma (VPS) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - V. dense coatings - Lowest oxidation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Need vacuum chamber etc. - Highest equip't. cost (~\$200k) - Wide process window - O₂ from powder feedstock - Off-site; not portable
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shrouded APS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - No vacuum chamber - Dense coatings - Low oxidation - Lower cost than VPS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Not off-the-shelf technology - Supply and \$ of shroud gas
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detonation Gun 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - V. dense coatings - High adhesion/cohesion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Off-site; not portable - Noise - Lower deposition rates?